Institutions are required to disclose statistics for reported Clery crimes that occur:

- On-campus,
- On public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus,
- In or on non-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by the institution, including residence halls, and
- Separate campus

**Campus Geography Breakdown**

**On-campus Geography**

- *Includes buildings and properties:*
  - Owns or controls,
  - Reasonably attached to one another, and
  - Directly supports or relates to the institution’s educational process.

- *On-campus Geography also includes buildings and properties:*
  - Reasonably attached to it,
  - Owned by the institution but does not control,
  - That is frequently used by students, and
  - Used to support the institution’s educational process.

**Non-campus Geography**

- Includes any location (except a separate campus) that:
  - Is owned or controlled by the institution,
  - Supports or is used for the institution’s educational process,
  - Is frequently used by students, and
  - Is **not** considered part of the core campus.

- Also includes any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization if the organization is “officially recognized” by your institution.

**Public Property**

Properly defining what’s “on-campus” is vital—not just for disclosing on-campus crime statistics, but for accurately identifying another category of Clery geography.

- *Examples of Public Property within the campus:*
  - Public road or bike path that runs through campus.
- Public or municipal parking lot that crosses or intersects the campus.
- Public property that immediately borders and is accessible from the campus.
  - Public sidewalks
  - Public streets along the sidewalk
  - Public sidewalk on the other side of the street

**Separate Campus**

For an institution that has more than one campus, each campus must comply independently with all of Clery Act and the fire-and-safety-related HEA requirements. For the purpose of geography, consider each additional campus location as a *separate campus* if it meets all of the following:

- The institution owns or controls the site;
- It is not reasonably geographically attached to the main campus;
- It has an organized program of study; and
- There is at least one person on site acting in an administrative capacity.